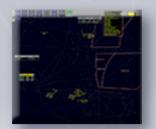
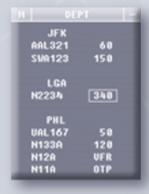


FAA Lesson Plan



En Route Stage 4 Radar Controller Training



Instructor



Radar Data Display Lesson 2





55055 V.1.06





LESSON PLAN DATA SHEET

COURSE NAME: RADAR CONTROLLER TRAINING

COURSE NUMBER 55055

LESSON TITLE: RADAR DATA DISPLAY

DATE REVISED: 2014-04 V.1.06 VERSION

REFERENCES: TI 6110.100, En Route Automation Modernization (ERAM) Air Traffic

> Manual (ATM): R-Position User Manual; JO7110.311B, Procedural Guidance for FAA Order JO 7110.65 following En Route Automation Modernization (ERAM) Implementation; JO 7110.65V, Air Traffic Control; ERAM EDSM SRS 210.04 V1B1, En Route Automation Modernization (ERAM) En Route Display Management (EDSM) R-Position and General EDSM Requirements Volume 1, Book 1; ERAM EDSM SRS 210.04 V1B2. En Route Automation Modernization (ERAM) En Route Display Management Appendices for R-Position and General EDSM Requirements Volume 1, Book 2; ERAM SURV SRS 210.24, En Route Automation Modernization (ERAM) Surveillance (SURV); PRED 1370 (PR E65313), Remove UBC from FDB and Set AHI Caret

Regardless of UBC Status

HANDOUTS: 55055-HO2, REFERENCE GUIDE

DISTRIBUTE HANDOUT PRIOR TO THE START OF THE LESSON.

REFER TO 55055-HO02B.PDF [BLACK/WHITE] OR 55055-

HO02C.PDF [COLOR.]

NONE **EXERCISES:**

END-OF-LESSON YES (REFER TO 55055-ELT02B.PDF [BLACK/WHITE] OR 55055-

TEST: ELT02C.PDF [COLOR].)

PERFOMANCE

TEST:

NONE

MATERIALS: NONE

OTHER PERTINENT

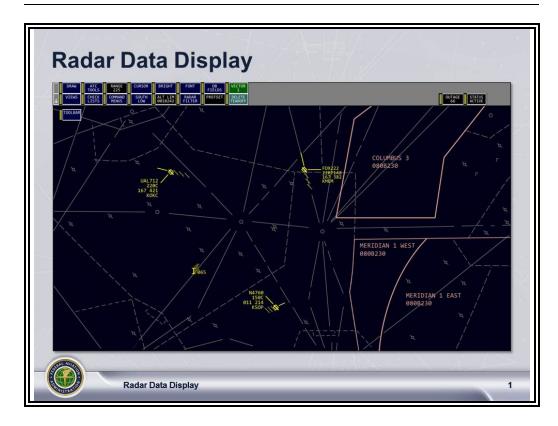
THIS LESSON IS BASED ON ERAM BUILD EAC1500. THE LESSON HAS BEEN REVIEWED AND REFLECTS CURRENT ORDERS AND **INFORMATION:**

MANUALS AS OF APRIL 2014.



INTRODUCTION





Purpose

The Situation Display conveys important information to you through the use of numerous symbols.

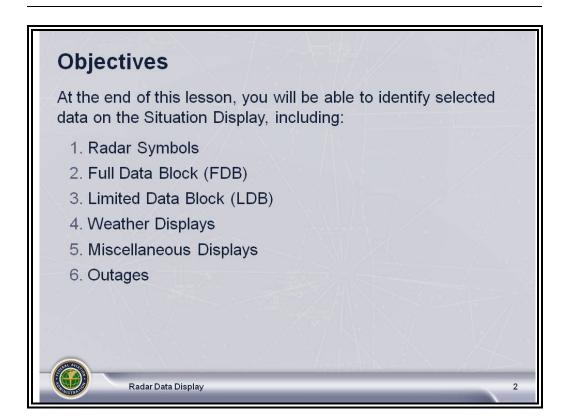
Job Relevance

- As a radar controller, you will be responsible for the safe, orderly, and expeditious movement of all air traffic in your sector.
 - To do this, you must be able to use the Situation Display effectively and to read and interpret all the data on the Situation Display and associated equipment.

INTRODUCTION (Continued)

Objectives



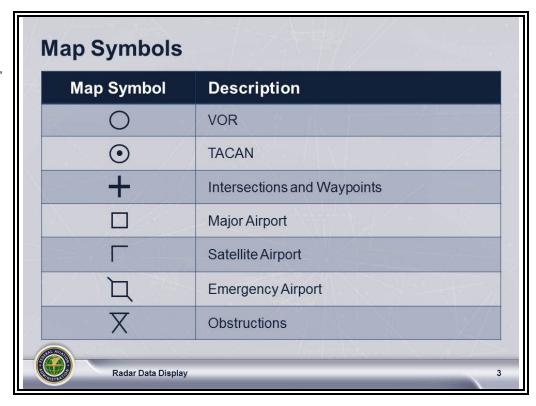


*** NOTE: Review the lesson objectives.

RADAR SYMBOLS

Map Symbols TI 6110.100, par. 3.2; ERAM EDSM SRS 210.04 V1B2, Appendix A.8





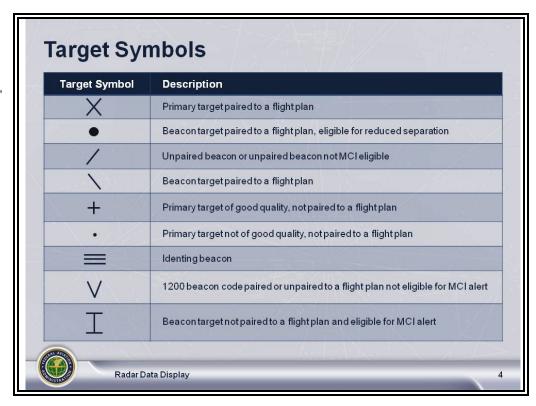
• You can adjust the brightness of the various map elements and features. You will learn how to do this in a later lesson.

Tracking and Pairing Terminology ERAM EDSM SRS 210.04 V1B1, par. 3.2.2.1; ERAM SURV SRS 210.24, par. 5.3

- Target: An object present in a volume of airspace that is detected and reported by a surveillance source. An aircraft is one example of a target.
- Track: A collection of reported and derived information associated with a sequence of surveillance reports from the same aircraft.
 - Track data includes position, and if available, Mode C altitude and beacon code.
- Pairing: Automatic or manual association of flight data within a track.
- Track-All Tracker: The tracker resolves targets into tracks independently from the presence of flight data, and in that sense tracks everything it sees.

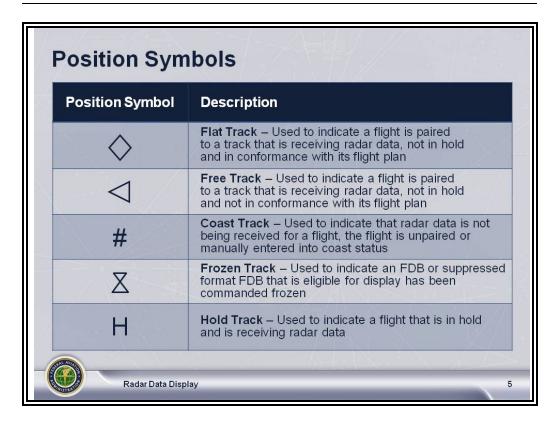
Target Symbols TI 6110.100, par. 4.1; ERAM EDSM SRS 210.04 V1B1,





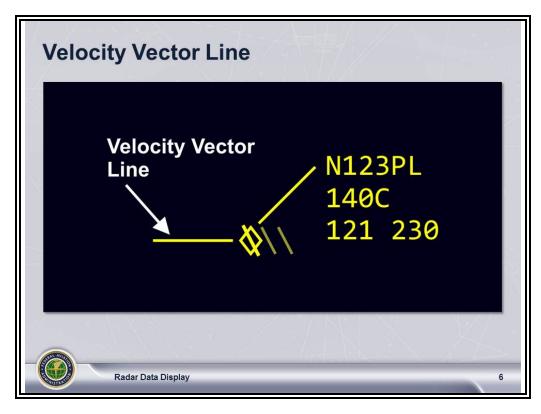
• Nine target symbols are used to display radar data.

Position Symbols TI 6110.100, par. 4.3.3



Position symbols are used only with Full Data Blocks (FDBs).

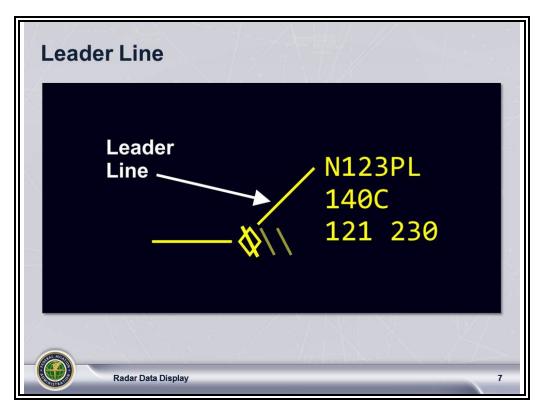
Velocity Vector TI 6110.100, par. 4.13



- Represents the distance and direction of travel
 - Locally adaptable to be either minutes of 0, 1, 2, 4 or 8, or miles of 0, 5, 10, 20 or 40
 - Based on computer ground speed and track
 - Line is plotted in proportion to aircraft speed rounded to the nearest 15 knots

NOTE: Discuss smoothing and how it affects the velocity vector line.

Leader Line TI 6110.100, par. 4.13



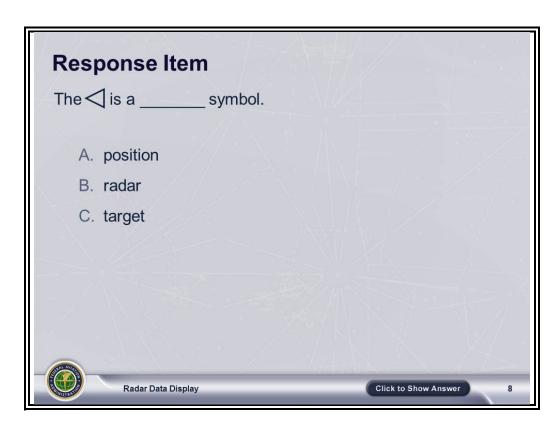
- ⊙ Connects the position symbol with the Full Data Block (FDB)
 - You can control leader line length and offset for data blocks.
 - FDBs can be offset to any of eight compass directions; NW=1, N=2, NE=3, W=4, E=6, SW=7, S=8, SE=9.
 - The format for requesting a FDB offset is d space FLID ENTER.
 - /d determines the length of the leader. Leader length options are:
 - /0 No leader
 - /1 .625 inches
 - /2 1.25 inches
 - /3 2.5 inches
 - d/d offsets the data block and changes the leader length simultaneously.

Review

QUESTION: Describe the meanings of track and pairing.

ANSWER: A track is a collection of reported and derived information associated with a sequence of surveillance reports from the same aircraft. Pairing is the automatic or manual association of flight data within a track.

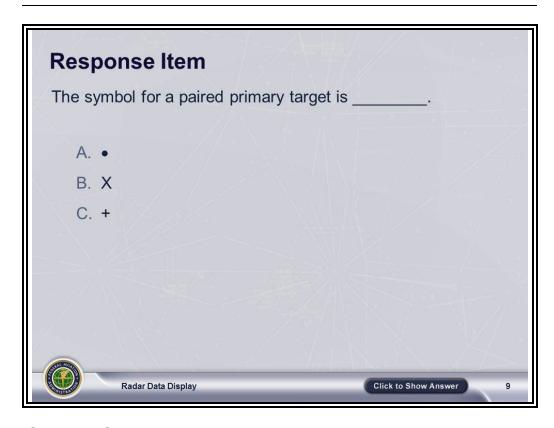




SLIDE ANSWER: A

Continued on next page

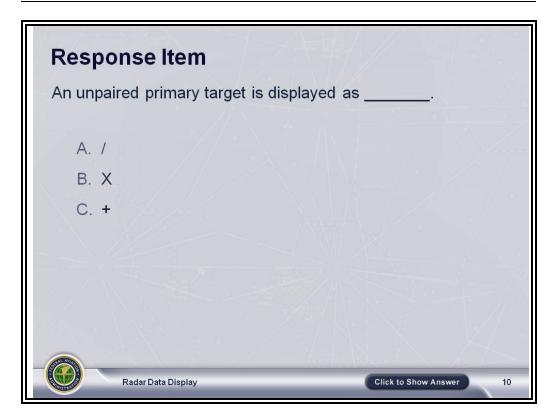




SLIDE ANSWER: B

Continued on next page

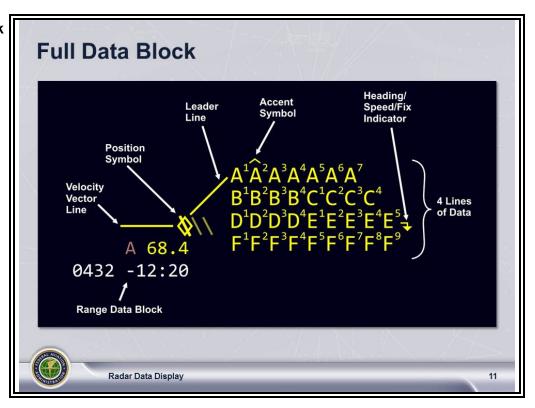




SLIDE ANSWER: C

FULL DATA BLOCK (FDB)

Full Data Block TI 6110.100, par. 4.3; ERAM EDSM SRS 210.04 V1B2 Appendix E.2



• Full Data Block:

- A four line by 11 character array
- First line displays Aircraft Identification (AID)
- Second line displays altitude information:
 - Interim altitude indicated by a T
 - Local interim altitude (if present) indicated by an L
- Third line displays the Computer Identification (CID), Field E-type data and the Heading/Speed/Free Form Text (HSF) Indicator
- Fourth line displays HSF, aircraft and destination data
- Has a position symbol, leader line and velocity vector
- Displayed at FDB brightness

Continued on next page

Full Data Block (Cont'd)

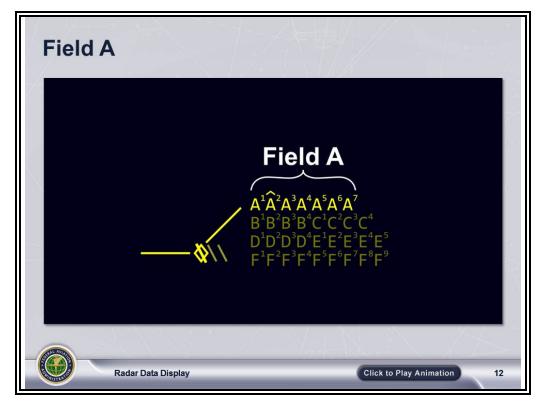
TI 6110.100, 4.3.1; ERAM EDSM SRS 210.04 V1B2 Appendix E.2

- Provides access to Altitude, Speed and Heading pop-up menus
- Can display a Range Data Block (RDB) below the target symbol
 - May include Non-ADS-B, CRR and STA/DCT indicators
- The FBD text array, including the leader line, velocity vector and the track position symbol, blinks when the flight is eligible for conflict alert display at the sector.

Field ATI 6110.100, pars. 4.3.1, 4.3.9; PRED 1370 (PR E65313)







- Field A is located on the 1st line of the data block and may be up to 7 characters long.
- Contains the Aircraft Identification (AID)

Click to display accent symbol.

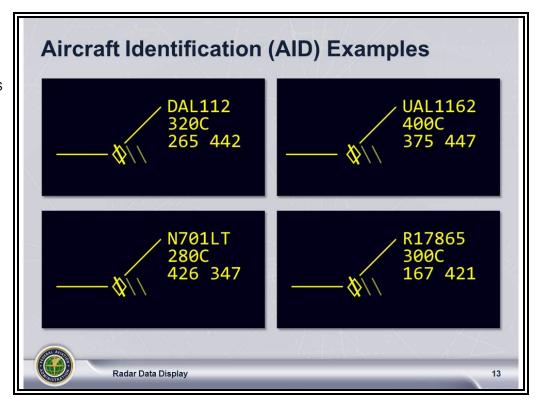
- An accent symbol (^) is displayed over the second character:
 - If the flight object indicates that automatic handoff initiation has been inhibited
- Field A will blink on Mode C Intruder Conflict Data Blocks.

Continued on next page

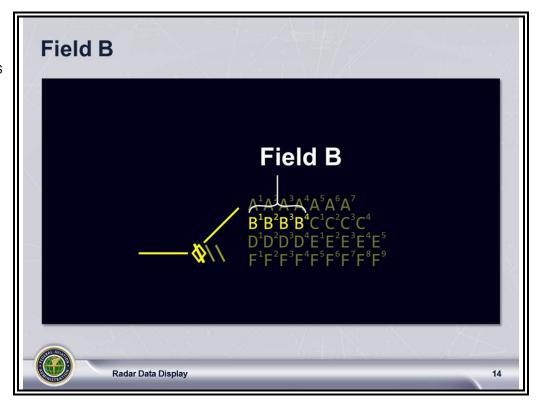
Field A (Cont'd)

TI 6110.100, pars. 4.3.1, 4.3.9; ERAM EDSM SRS 210.04 V1B2, Appendix E.2





Field B
TI 6110.100,
par. 4.3.1;
ERAM EDSM SRS
210.04 V1B2,
Appendix E.2



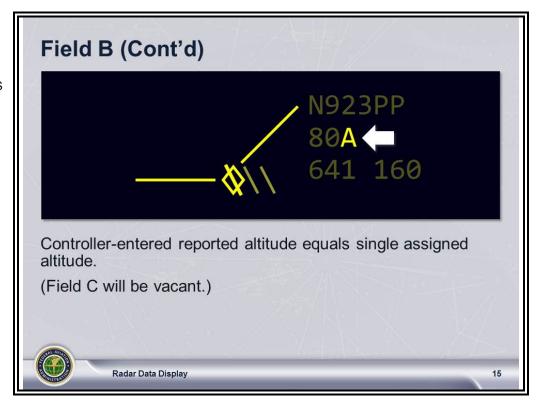
- Field B is located on the 2nd line of the data block and may be up to four characters long.
 - Characters B1 through B3 contain either:
 - Assigned altitude information (digits representing hundreds of feet), or
 - The letters OTP, VFR or ABV
 - B4 contains one of the computer generated altitude qualifiers on the slides that follow.

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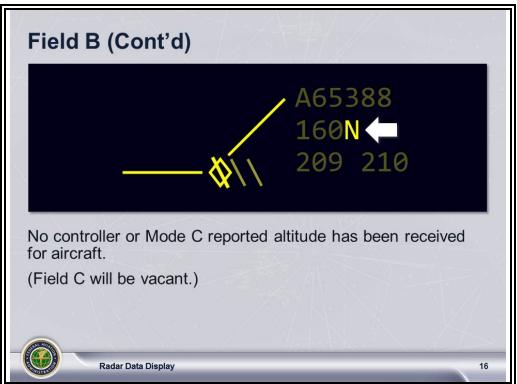
Field B (Cont'd)

TI 6110.100, par. 4.3.1; ERAM EDSM SRS 210.04 V1B2, Appendix E.2









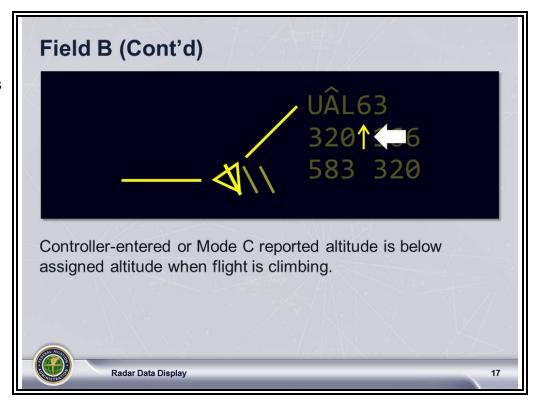
Continued on next page

17

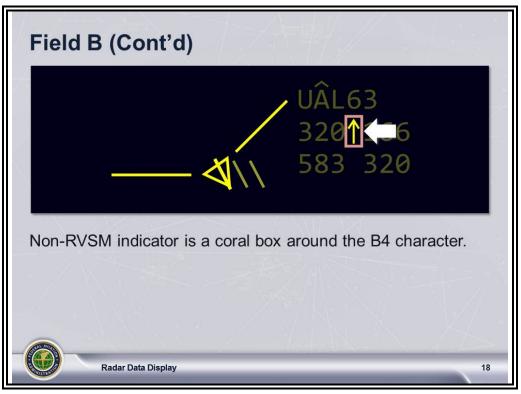
Field B (Cont'd)

TI 6110.100, par. 4.3.1; ERAM EDSM SRS 210.04 V1B2, Appendix E.2





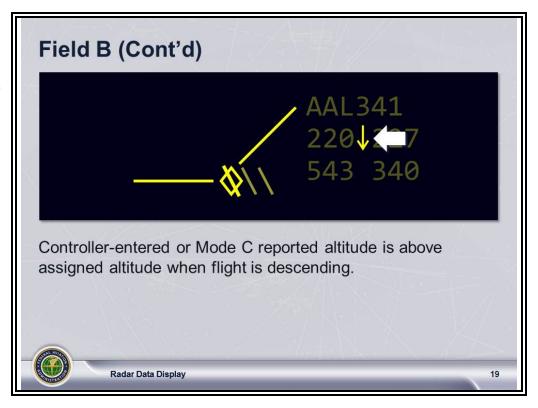




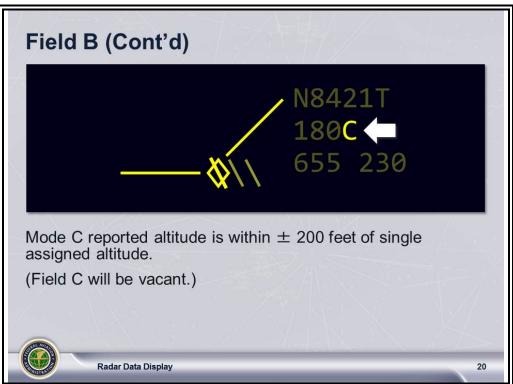
Field B (Cont'd)

TI 6110.100, par. 4.3.1; ERAM EDSM SRS 210.04 V1B2, Appendix E.2







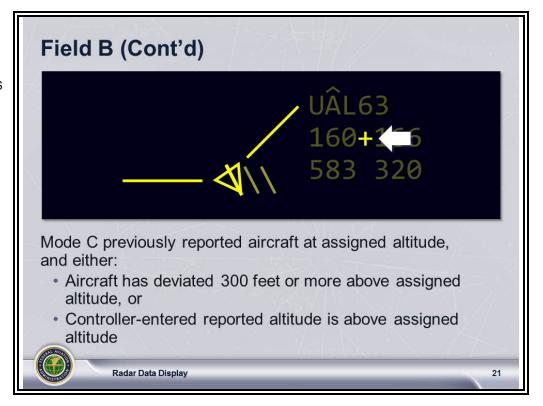


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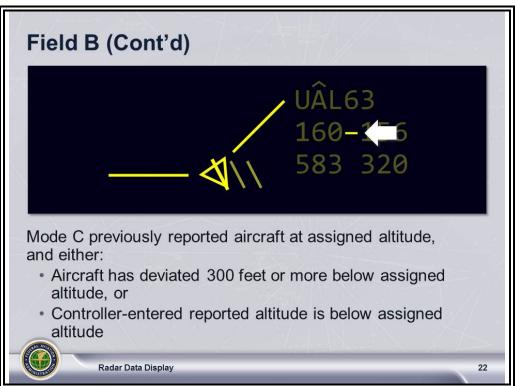
Field B (Cont'd)

TI 6110.100, par. 4.3.1; ERAM EDSM SRS 210.04 V1B2, Appendix E.2







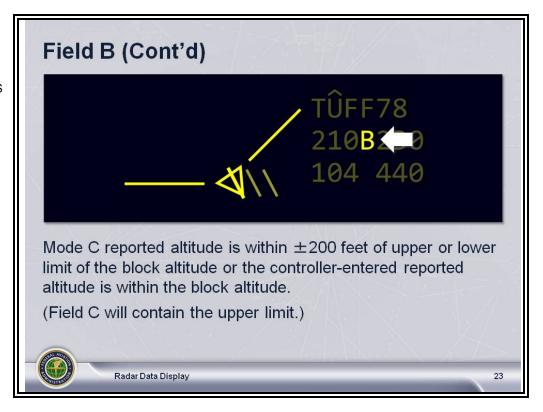


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Field B (Cont'd)

TI 6110.100, par. 4.3.1; ERAM EDSM SRS 210.04 V1B2, Appendix E.2





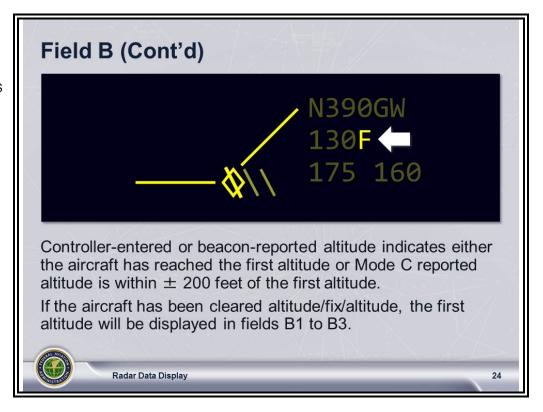
NOTE: An aircraft climbing or descending to a block altitude will display the highest altitude of the block when climbing and the lowest altitude of the block when descending, until the aircraft is in the block.

Continued on next page

Field B (Cont'd)

TI 6110.100, par. 4.3.1; ERAM EDSM SRS 210.04 V1B2, Appendix E.2



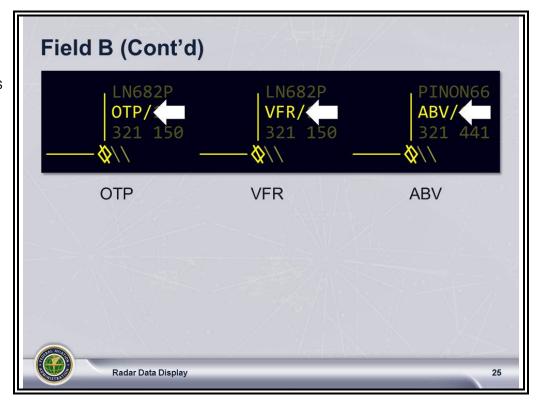


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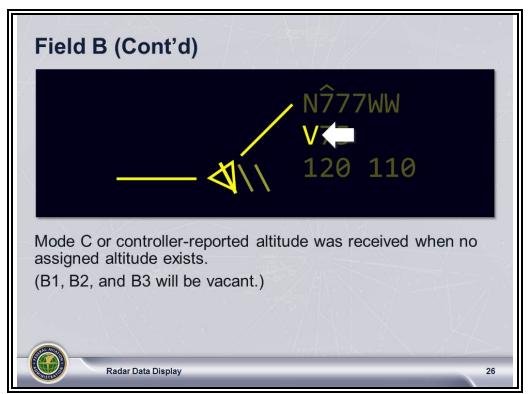
Field B (Cont'd)

TI 6110.100, par. 4.3.1; ERAM EDSM SRS 210.04 V1B2 Appendix E.2







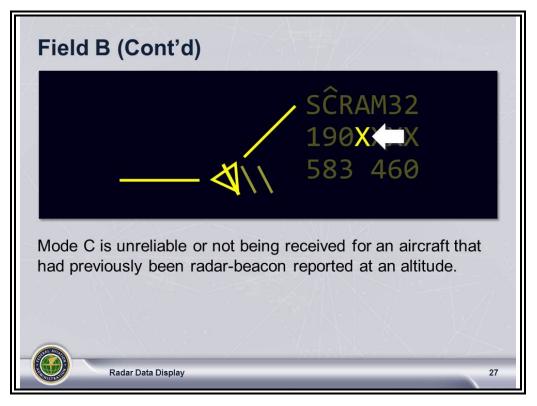


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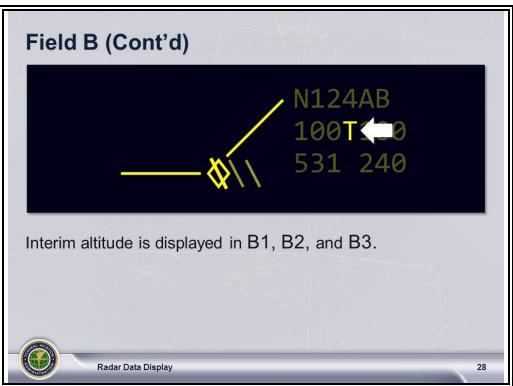
Field B (Cont'd)

TI 6110.100, par. 4.3.1; ERAM EDSM SRS 210.04 V1B2, Appendix E.2







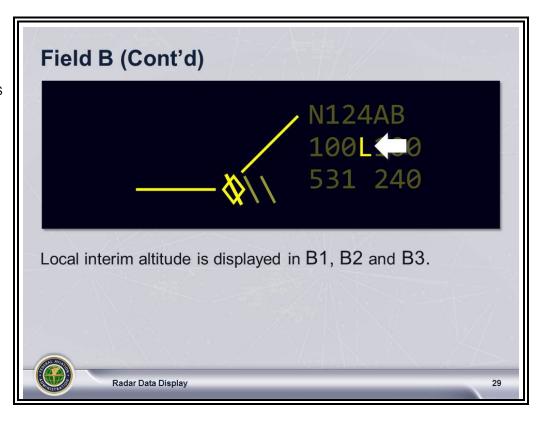


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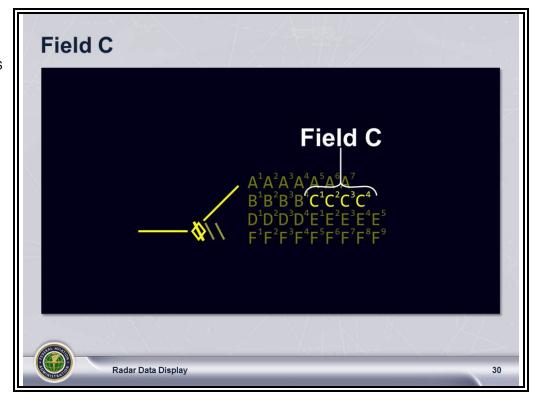
Field B (Cont'd)

TI 6110.100, par. 4.3.1; ERAM EDSM SRS 210.04 V1B2, Appendix E.2





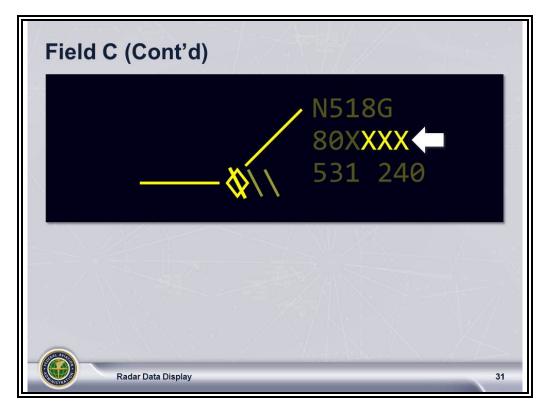
Field C
TI 6110.100,
par. 4.3.1;
ERAM EDSM SRS
210.04 V1B2,
Appendix E.2



- Four character positions
 - C1 through C3 contain:
 - Mode C or controller-reported altitude
 - Upper altitude of a block altitude

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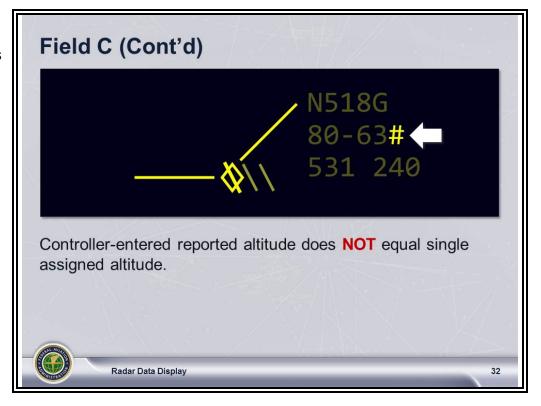
Field C (Cont'd) TI 6110.100, par. 4.3.7



- Four Xs (XXXX) indicate Lost Mode C (B4, C1-3).
 - Displayed for an aircraft that previously had Mode C when an adapted number of returns have been received with no Mode C
 - · Removed once Mode C is received

Continued on next page

Field C (Cont'd) ERAM EDSM SRS 210.04 V1B2 Appendix E.2

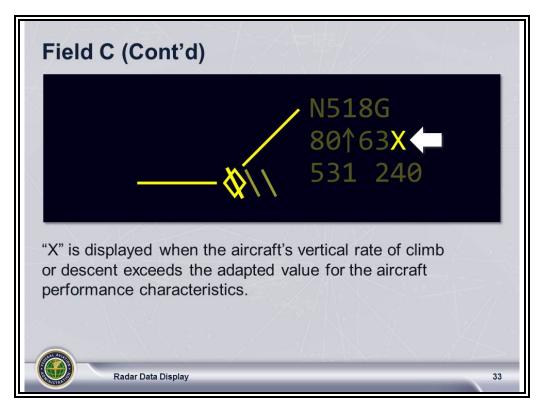


- C4 position contains a pound sign (#) to indicate:
 - Aircraft is NOT responding with Mode C altitude.
 - Controller-entered altitude does NOT equal the single assigned altitude.
- If Mode C is being received, CERA entry has to be within an adapted parameter or it will not be overridden by Mode C.

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Field C (Cont'd) TI 6110.100, par. 4.3.8; JO 7110.311B, par. 5-2-17

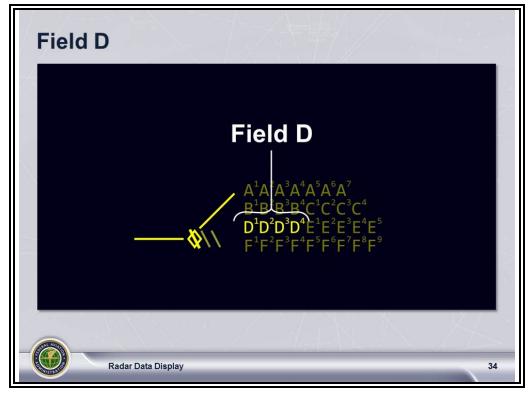




- A single X following the Mode C altitude value serves as the Exceptional Vertical Rate Indicator (EVRI):
 - Indicates the aircraft's vertical rate of climb or descent exceeds the adapted value for the aircraft performance characteristics
 - Once the aircraft returns to its expected climb or descent rate, the EVRI will be removed
- The display of the EVRI is an invalid Mode C and cannot be used for separation.
- The Mode C altitude readout must be validated after the X is no longer displayed in the data block.
- Field C is blank if Mode C or controller-entered altitude equals assigned altitude.

Field D ERAM EDSM SRS 210.04 V1B1, par. 3.2.2.3.2.1; ERAM EDSM SRS 210.04 V1B2, Section C.1





- Four character positions, D1 through D4, contain:
 - Computer Identification (CID)

NOTE: CID format is 'ddd' or 'daa' where 'd' is a digit and 'a' is an alphanumeric (letter or digit).

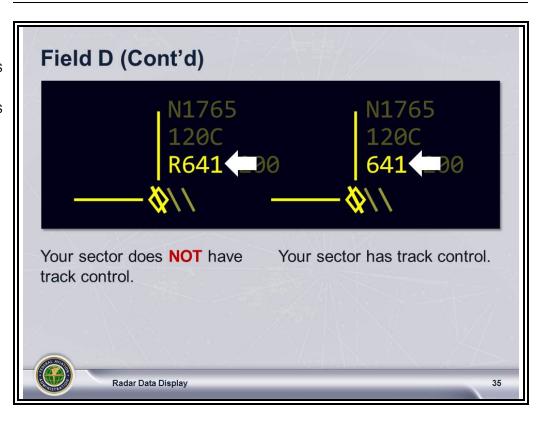
R in position D1 indicates the sector does not have track control.

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Field D (Cont'd)

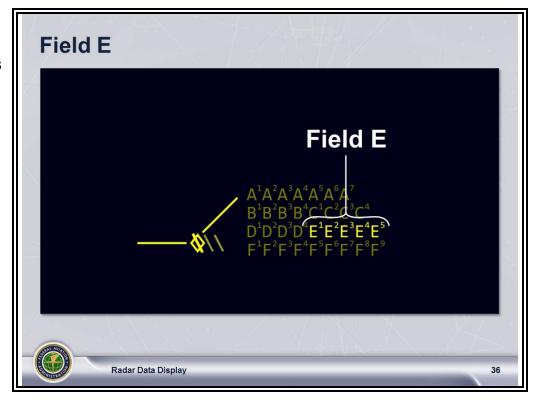
ERAM EDSM SRS 210.04 V1B1, par. 3.2.2.3; ERAM EDSM SRS 210.04 V1B2, Appendix E.2





Field E TI 6110.100, par. 4.3.4; ERAM EDSM SRS 210.04 V1B1, 3.2.2.3.2.1

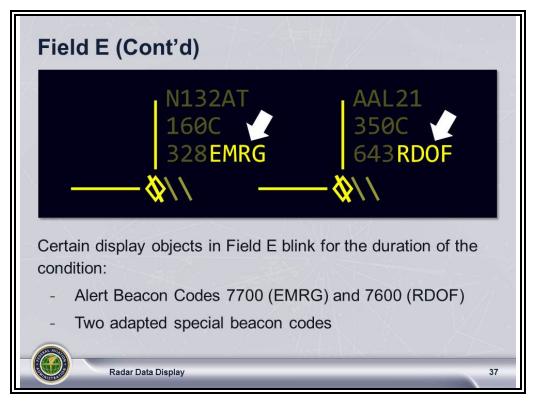




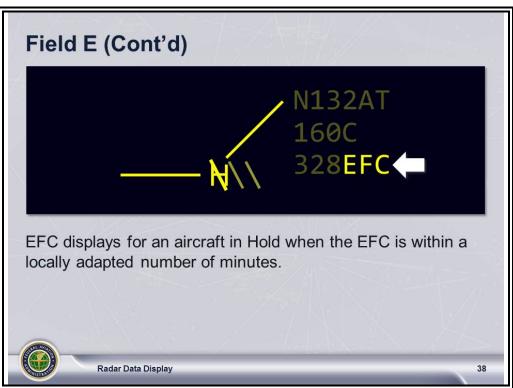
- Field E data may contain up to five characters.
- Certain display objects blink on and off.
- ⊙ The Heading/Speed/Free Form Text (HSF) Indicator follows Field E.

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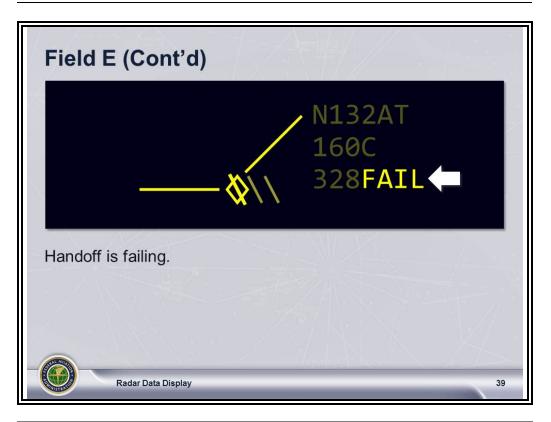
Field E (Cont'd) TI 6110.100, par. 4.3.4







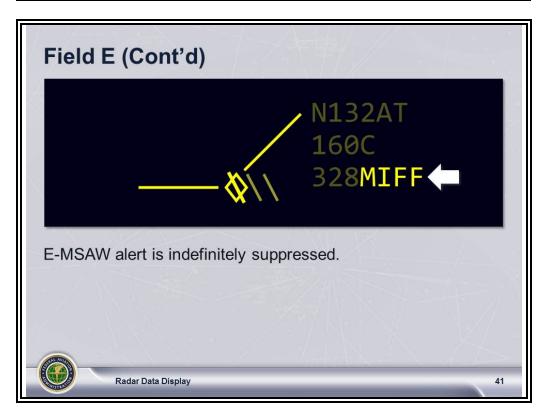
Field E (Cont'd) TI 6110.100, par. 4.3.4



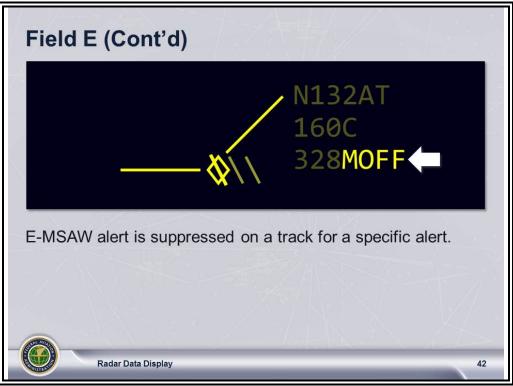




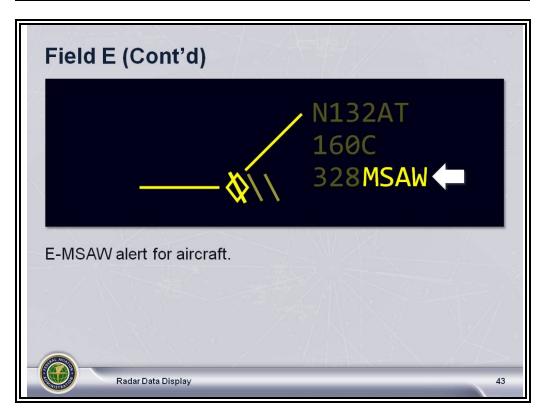
Field E (Cont'd) TI 6110.100, par. 4.3.4



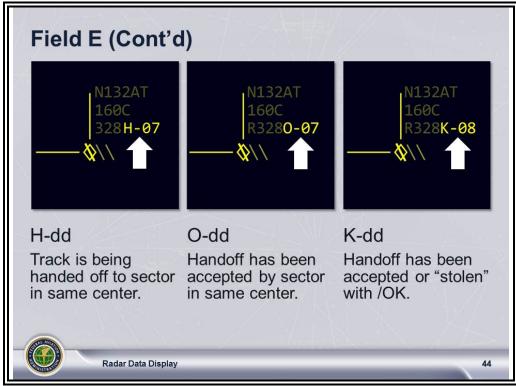




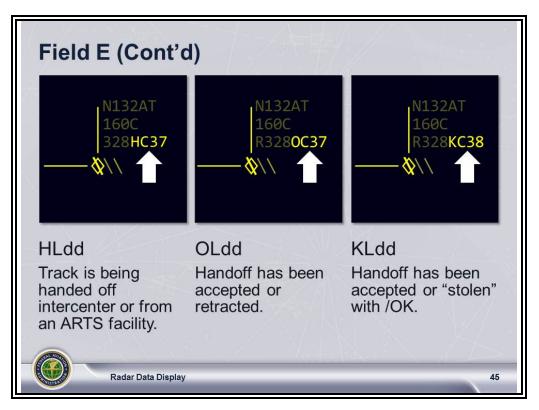
Field E (Cont'd) TI 6110.100, par. 4.3.4



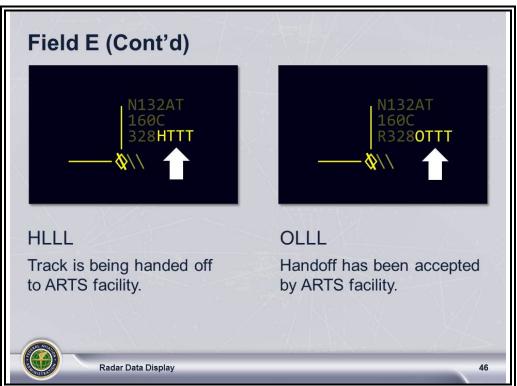




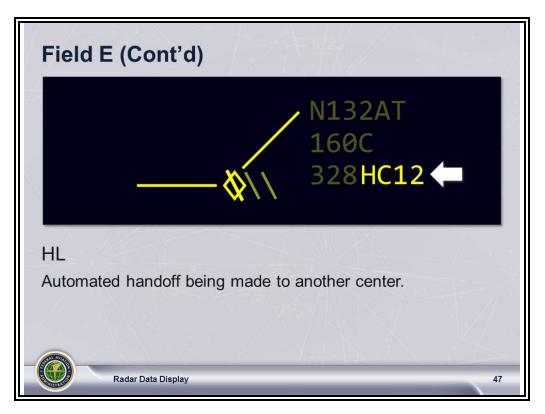
Field E (Cont'd) TI 6110.100, par. 4.3.4



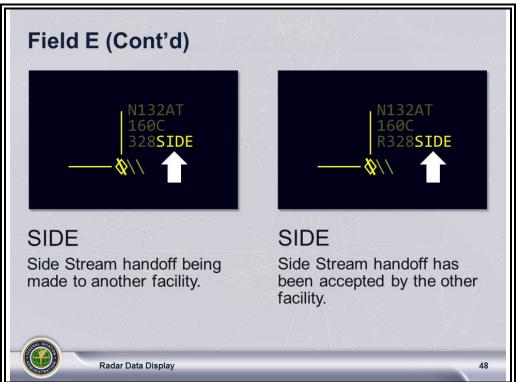




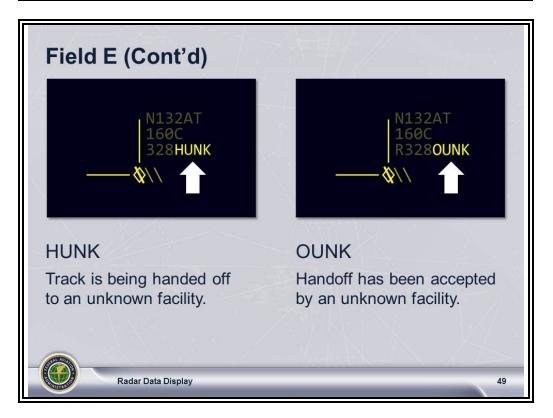
Field E (Cont'd) TI 6110.100, par. 4.3.4



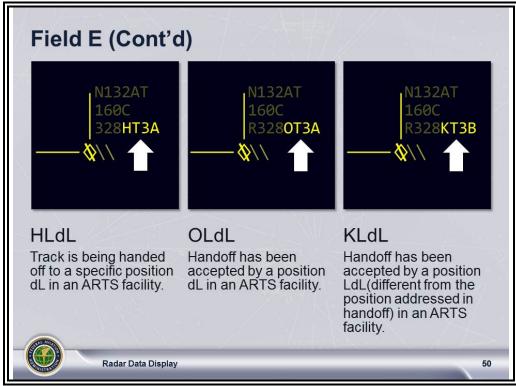




Field E (Cont'd) TI 6110.100, par. 4.3.4







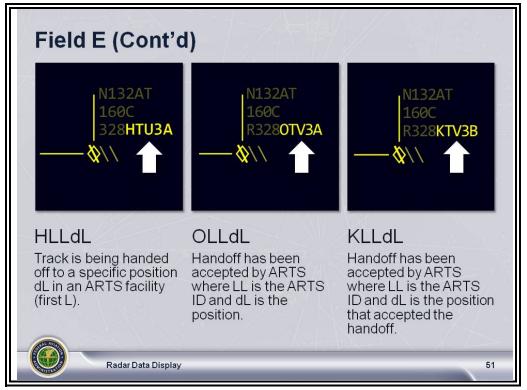
Continued on next page

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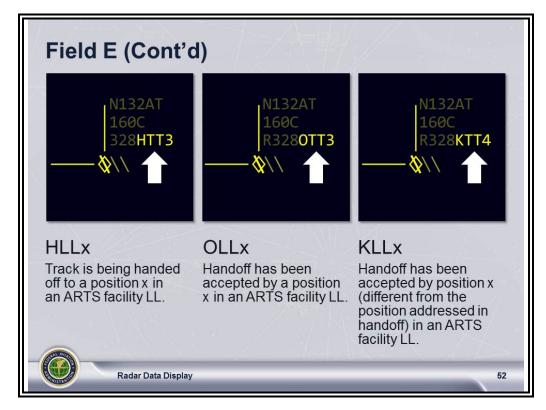
Field E (Cont'd)

TI 6110.100, par. 4.3.4; ERAM EDSM SRS 210.04 V1B2, Appendix E.2







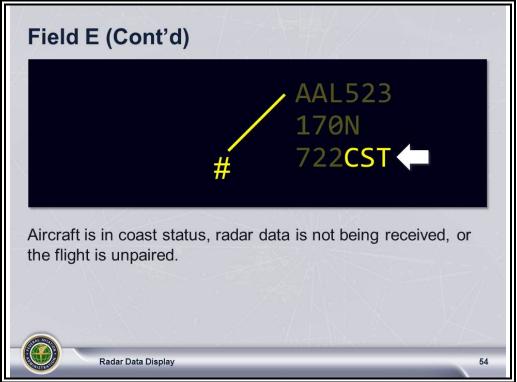


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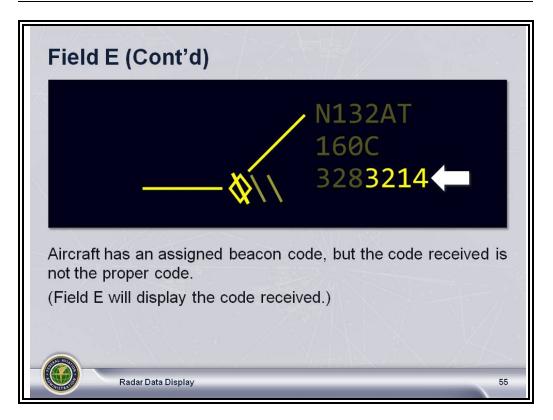
Field E (Cont'd) TI 6110.100, par. 4.3.4



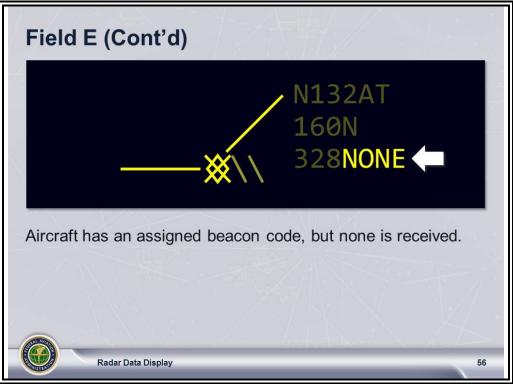




Field E (Cont'd) TI 6110.100, par. 4.3.4



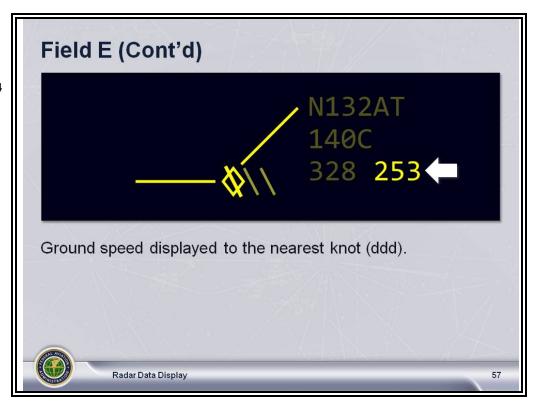




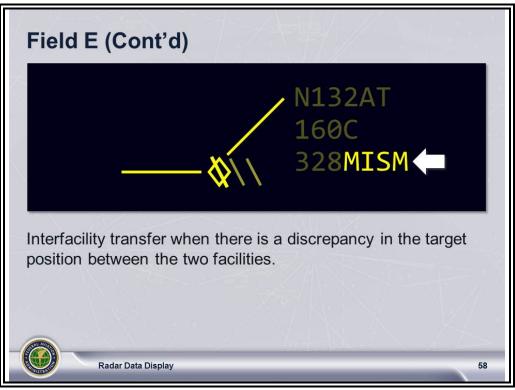
Field E (Cont'd)

TI 6110.100, par. 4.3.4; ERAM EDSM SRS 210.04 V1B2, Table 53

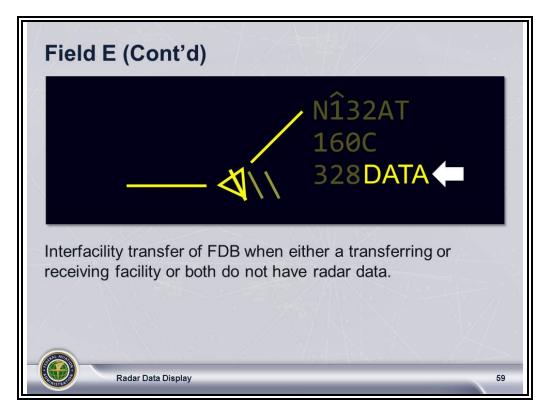




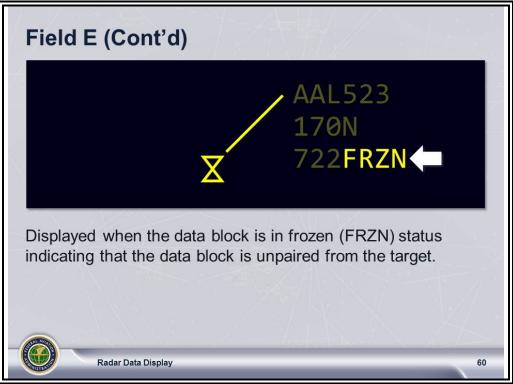




Field E (Cont'd) TI 6110.100, pars. 4.3.4, 4.3.6





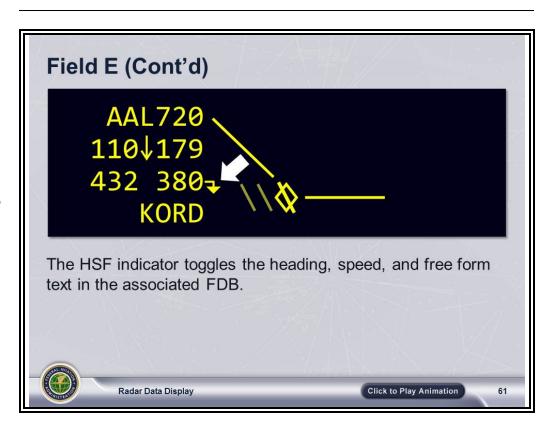


Field E (Cont'd) TI 6110.100, pars. 4.3.4, 4.3.6



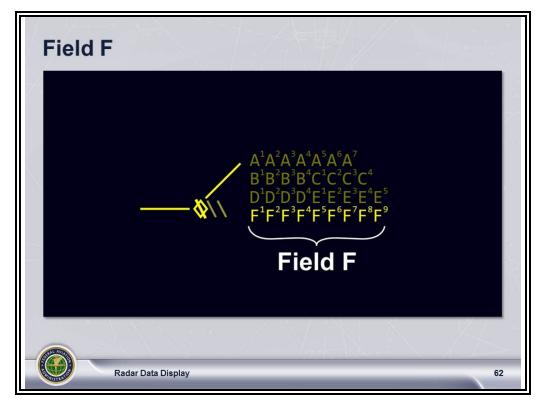


Click to toggle HSF.



Field F JO 7110.65, pars. 2-6-4, 5-4-11; TI 6110.100, pars. 4.3.1, 4.9, 4.22



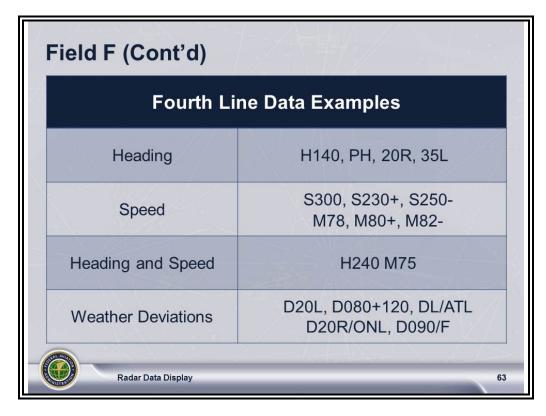


- Field F is located on the 4th line and may contain up to 9 characters.
 - · Can display the following data items:
 - Heading
 - Speed
 - Both heading and speed
 - Free Form Text
 - Aircraft data (aircraft type and equipment suffix)
 - Destination

Continued on next page

Field F (Cont'd) JO 7110.65, pars. 2-6-4, 5-4-11; TI 6110.100, pars. 4.3.1, 4.9, 4.22





- The following Field F entries are approved for use without verbal coordination:
 - Headings the letter H followed a three-digit number
 - · Present Heading the letters PH

Examples: H050, PH, H180/JAX, H300/J79, H240/V157, PH/CHA

- Assigned Speeds the letter S followed by a three-digit number, or M (Mach) followed by the two-digit assigned value
 - The symbol (+) (maintain a specified speed or greater), or the symbol (-) (maintain a specified speed or less) may follow the assigned speed or Mach number.

Examples: S250, S210+, S230-, M82, M76+, M80-

Continued on next page

Field F (Cont'd)

JO 7110.65, pars. 2-6-4, 5-4-11; TI 6110.100, pars. 4.3.1, 4.9, 4.22

- Weather deviations:
 - Must use the designated characters:
 - \rightarrow D deviation
 - \rightarrow L left
 - \rightarrow R right
 - \rightarrow N north
 - \rightarrow E east
 - \rightarrow S south
 - \rightarrow W west
 - → /F direct next NAVAID/waypoint
 - → D+2 headings deviate between
 - Two digits specify turns in degrees and must include direction characters. Three digits specify headings.

Examples: DN, D20L, D080+120

 The inclusion of a /NAVAID, /waypoint, or /F indicates that the pilot has been authorized to deviate for weather and must rejoin the route at the next NAVAID, waypoint, or fix in the route of flight.

Examples: DL/ATL, D20R/ONL, D090/F

 The absence of a NAVAID, waypoint, or /F indicates that the pilot has been authorized to deviate for weather only, and the receiving controller must provide a clearance to rejoin the route.

NOTE: If the weather deviation instructions exceeds the nine characters limit, verbal coordination is required.

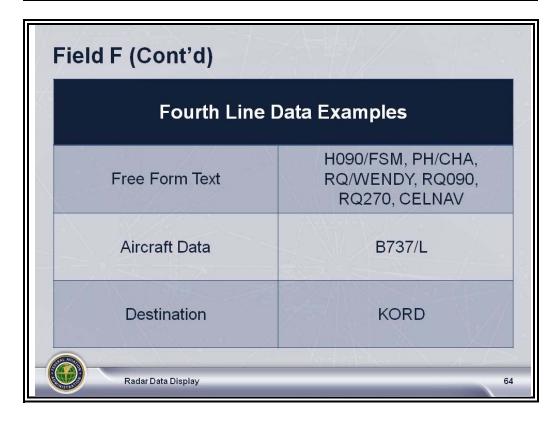
Aircraft authorized to conduct celestial navigation

Example: CELNAV

Continued on next page

Field F (Cont'd) JO 7110.65, pars. 2-6-4, 5-4-11; TI 6110.100, pars. 4.3.1, 4.9, 4.22





 Request for altitude change – the letters RQ followed by the requested altitude in three-digits

Examples: RQ090, RQ150, RQ350

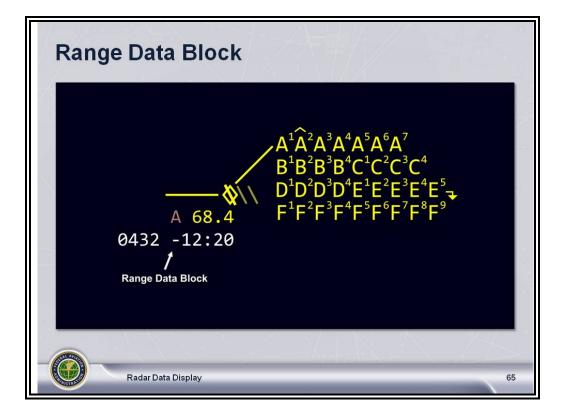
 Request for route change – the letters RQ, followed by a slant (/), followed by a specific fix identifier

Examples: RQ/ICT, RQ/TUL, RQ/TRUMP

- Free Form Text Area may be used by individual sector teams for recording any additional information the team deems appropriate for managing the sector.
 - Must be removed prior to initiation of identification transfer
- Free Form Text Area must be used for coordination purposes only in association with radar identified aircraft.

RANGE DATA BLOCK (RDB)

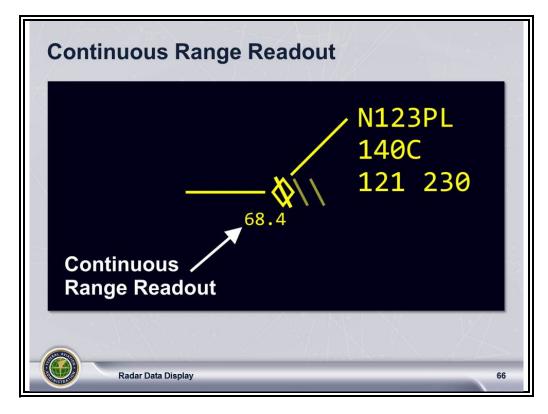
Range Data Block TI 6110.100, par. 9.6



- The Range Data Block (RDB) is a special data block linked to the target position symbol that provides continuous range read-out data.
- Other information can also be displayed, including Non-ADS-B Indicator, Scheduled Time of Arrival (STA) and/or Delayed Countdown Time (DCT).

RANGE DATA BLOCK (RDB) (Continued)

Continuous Range Readout TI 6110.100, par. 9.6

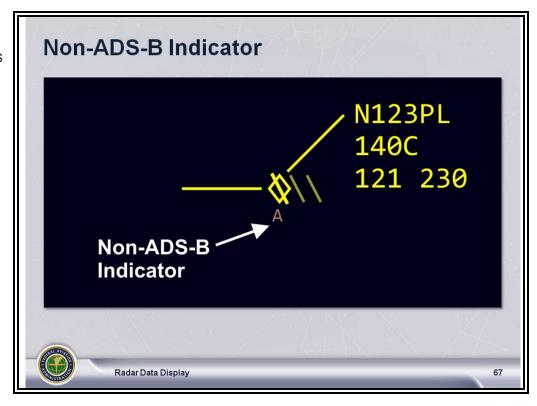


- Continuous Range Readout (CRR) indicates the distance in nautical miles from the selected target to a controller determined fix.
 - Displays in Range Data Block (RDB) next to the target symbol of the aircraft
 - Displays only in FDBs, not in LDBs or ELDBs
- Left/middle-click the CRR RDB button in the DB Fields Toolbar to toggle on/off the display of CRR in the FDB.

RANGE DATA BLOCK (RDB) (Continued)

Non-ADS-B Indicator ERAM EDSM SRS 210.04 V1B1, 3.2.2.3.2; TI 6110.100, par. 4.2.5

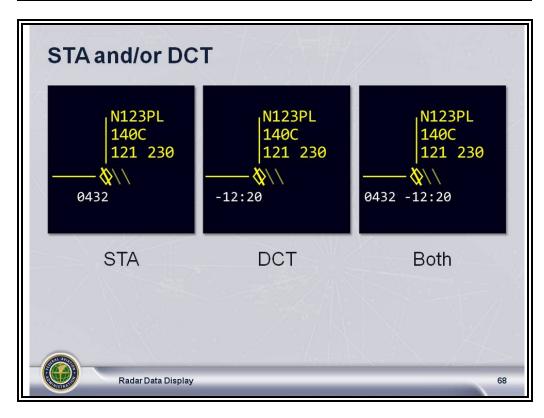




- The Non-ADS-B Indicator indicates that an aircraft is not ADS-B (Automatic Dependent Surveillance Broadcast) equipped or that its ADS-B equipment is not operating properly, and that the target position is based on radar data, not ADS-B data.
 - Displays only in RDB of FDBs, not in LDBs or ELDBs
 - Brightness controlled by the NON-ADS-B button in the DB Fields Toolbar
- If ADS-B is operating for all participants, no indicator displays.

RANGE DATA BLOCK (RDB) (Continued)

STA and/or DCTTI 6110.100, par. 9.6



- The Range Data Block can display Scheduled Time of Arrival (STA) and/or Delayed Countdown Time (DCT).
 - Display only in FDBs, not in LDBs or ELDBs
 - DCT displays in minutes and tens of seconds
 - Display of tens of seconds is facility adaptable
 - Minus sign indicates a negative delay time
 - Zero indicates delay time is less than one minute
- Left/middle-click STA RDB and/or DELAY button in the DB Fields Toolbar to toggle on/off STA and DCT respectively.

REVIEW: FDB AND RDB

Review

QUESTION: How many feet must an aircraft deviate from its assigned altitude before the deviation is indicated in fields B4 and C?

ANSWER: 300

QUESTION: What data block information indicates that Mode C is unreliable or not being received?

ANSWER: Fields B4 and C will display X XXX.

QUESTION: When an aircraft has a computer-assigned beacon code but the received code is not the one assigned, how is this indicated and in what field?

ANSWER: Field E will display the code received.

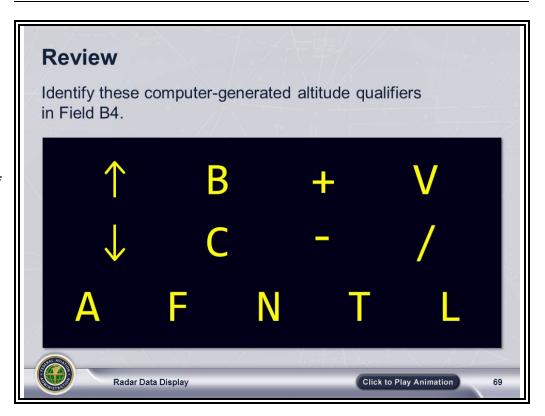
Continued on next page

Review (Cont'd)





Click 12 times to display all of the altitude qualifiers.



ANSWERS:

↑	Controller-entered or Mode C reported altitude is below assigned altitude when flight is climbing.
В	Mode C reported altitude is within ±200 feet of upper or lower limit of block altitude, or the controller-entered reported altitude is within the block altitude
+	Mode C has previously reported the aircraft at assigned altitude, and either the aircraft has deviated 300 feet or more above assigned altitude or controller-entered reported altitude is above assigned altitude.
V	Mode C or controller reported altitude was received when no assigned altitude exists.
\downarrow	Controller-entered or Mode C reported altitude is above assigned altitude when flight is descending.
С	Mode C reported altitude is within ±200 feet of single assigned altitude.
_	Mode C has previously reported the aircraft at assigned altitude, and either the aircraft has deviated 300 feet or more below assigned altitude or controller-entered reported altitude is below assigned altitude.
1	Flight type is OTP or VFR

55055-LP02 / V.1.06 Continued on next page

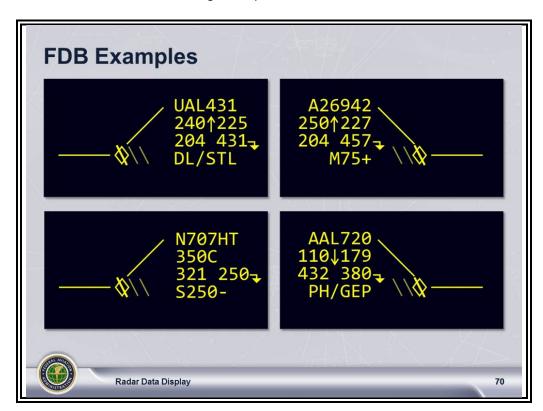
Review (Cont'd)

ANSWERS (Cont'd):

Α	Controller-entered altitude equals single assigned altitude.
F	Controller-entered or beacon-reported altitude indicates either the aircraft has reached the first altitude or Mode C reported altitude is within ±200 feet of the first altitude.
N	No controller or Mode C reported altitude has been received for aircraft.
Т	Interim altitude is displayed in B1, B2, and B3.
L	Local interim altitude (if present) is indicated by an L.

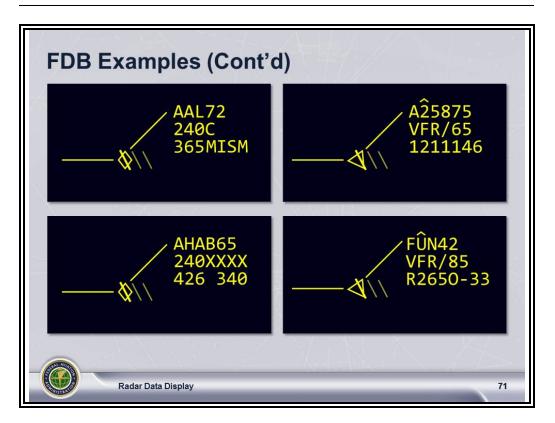
NOTE: Use the following examples to review FDB and RDB.



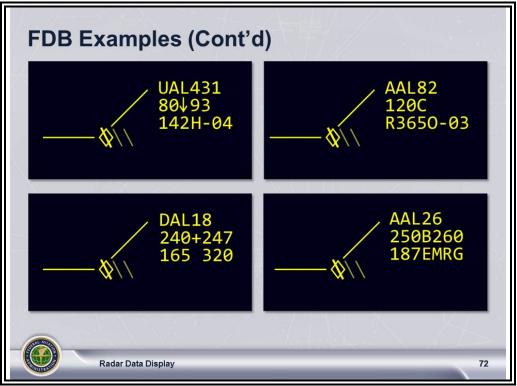


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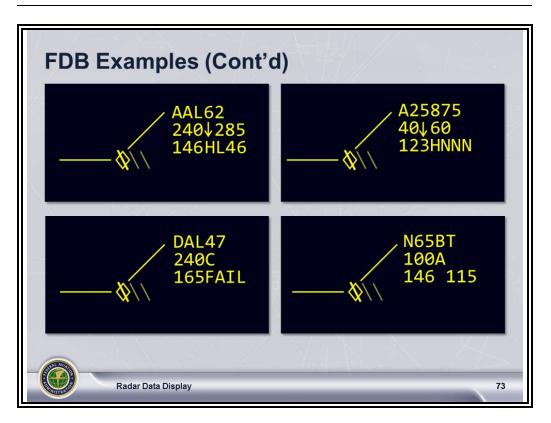




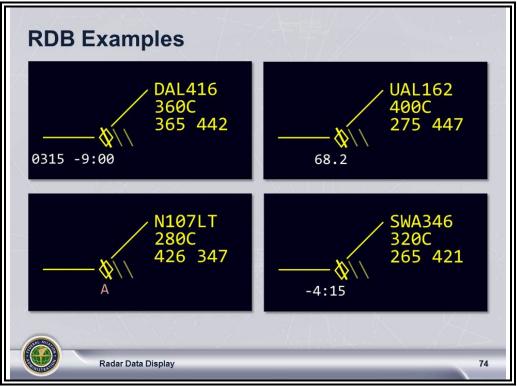






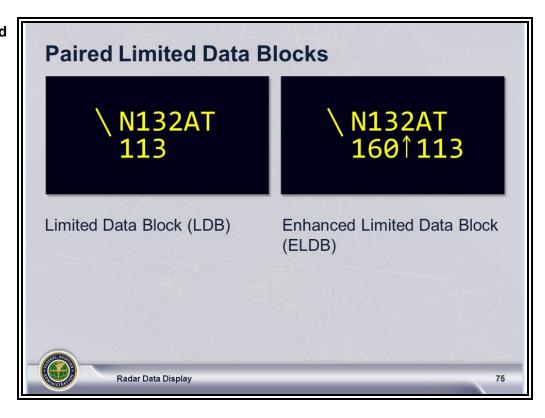






LIMITED DATA BLOCK (LDB)

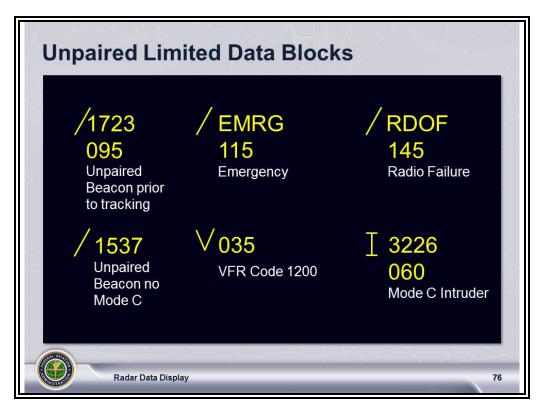
Paired Limited Data Blocks TI 6110.100, pars. 4.3, 4.3.2



- Paired Limited Data Blocks:
 - Display Aircraft Identification (AID) and Mode C altitude
 - NO position symbol, leader line, or velocity vector line
 - Display at LDB brightness

LIMITED DATA BLOCK (LDB) (Continued)

Unpaired Limited Data Blocks TI 6110.100, pars. 4.3, 4.3.2

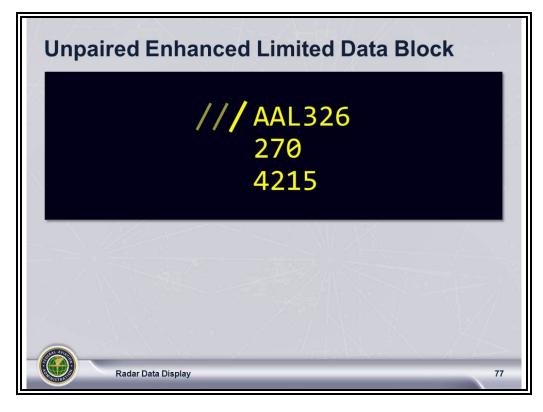


- O Unpaired Limited Data Blocks:
 - Display beacon code and Mode C altitude
 - NO position symbol, leader line, or velocity vector line
 - Displayed at LDB brightness

LIMITED DATA BLOCK (LDB) (Continued)

Unpaired Enhanced Limited Data Blocks TI 6110.100, par. 4.3.2



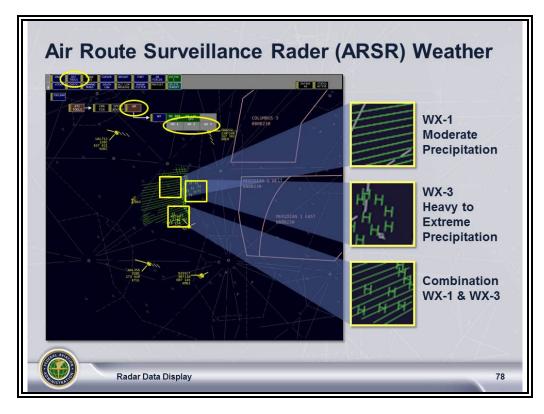


- O Unpaired Enhanced Limited Data Blocks:
 - The user has requested Enhanced format for the LDB (i.e., the BCAST FLID display filter setting is selected).
 - The aircraft is ADS-B equipped, under ADS-B surveillance and broadcasting its flight ID.

WEATHER DISPLAYS

Weather Displays TI 6110.100, par. 3.4; JO 7110.65, par. 2-6-4





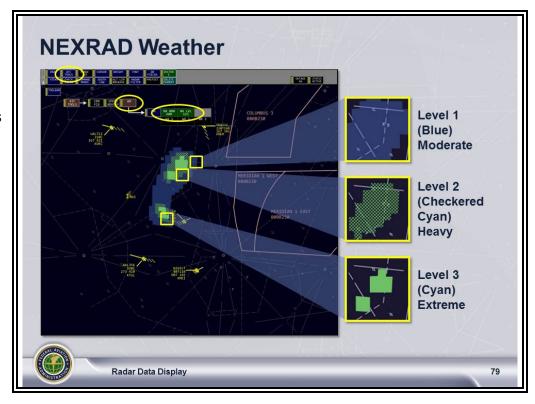
- You can adjust the display for weather; this includes NEXRAD altitudes and levels, and Air Route Surveillance Radar (ARSR) weather intensities.
 - · Lines depict areas of low-intensity weather.
 - The letter H depicts areas of high-intensity weather.

WEATHER DISPLAYS (Continued)

Next-Generation Radar (NEXRAD)

TI 6110.100, par. 3.4; ERAM EDSM SRS 210.04 V1B1, par. 3.2.3.1.2.27





- Displays a combination of up to three levels of precipitation intensity (precipitation):
 - Level 1, moderate, (blue)
 - Level 2, heavy, (checkered cyan)
 - Level 3, extreme, (cyan)
- Left/middle-click the NX LVL button to decrement/ increment through NEXRAD levels.
- Three altitude strata are available, plus a composite of these strata:
 - 000-240
 - 240-600
 - 330-600
 - 000-600 (composite)

MISCELLANEOUS DISPLAYS

Time ViewTI 6110.100,
par. 3.5;
ERAM EDSM SRS
210.04 V1B1,
par. 3.2.3.1.2.22





- ⊙ The Time View displays the current Coordinated Universal Time (UTC).
 - The Time View can be customized and located anywhere on the Situation Display, but cannot be suppressed.

*** NOTE: Point out that views are presented later in Stage 4 training.

MISCELLANEOUS DISPLAYS

Time View (Cont'd)

TI 6110.100, par. 3.5; ERAM EDSM SRS 210.04 V1B1, par. 3.2.3.1.2.22







- A sector message can be sent from the AT Specialist workstation to an individual R-Position Situation Display or all R-Position Situation Displays.
- The Sector Message Notification Area appears automatically below the Time View.
 - The message contains free text information that may affect your sector.
 - When the message first appears, it will be underlined and yellow to indicate that it needs to be acknowledged.

Click to acknowledge message.

- O Click on the message to acknowledge it.
 - The message will turn white.
 - If you don't accept the message in an adapted period of time, the message will turn white automatically (default is 10 seconds).

MISCELLANEOUS DISPLAYS (Continued)

Route Displays ERAM EDSM SRS 210.04 V1B1, par. 3.2.2.4.2







The route display program displays the route of a flight on the radar display, beginning with the position of the aircraft specified in the route display keyboard entry, and ending with the point on the route segment, which consists of keyboard-entered minutes, or a facility parameter amount of time in the future.

Click 1 to display route for DAL258.

- The route is depicted by a sequence of line segments beginning with the flight plan position symbol (□).
- The aircraft identification is displayed immediately below the position symbol.

Click 2 to display route for N1AC. A number of routes can be displayed simultaneously on a radar display.

OUTAGES





- Controller Responses to Outages
 - Controller responds immediately to the four outages presented in this lesson without FLM/CIC guidance using Full ERAM Job Aid (TI 6110.107)

Position Failure TI 6110.107

Position Failure

- A red X, blank screen, or BARCO screen indicates a single R-Position failure.
 - Settings Not In Sync displayed on other channel
 - No updates on display and no command inputs accepted on channel with the failure
- Switch immediately to backup channel and report outage. (Press and hold MULTI-FUNC and select A/B.)

Continued on next page

Not Receiving Surveillance Data TI 6110.107



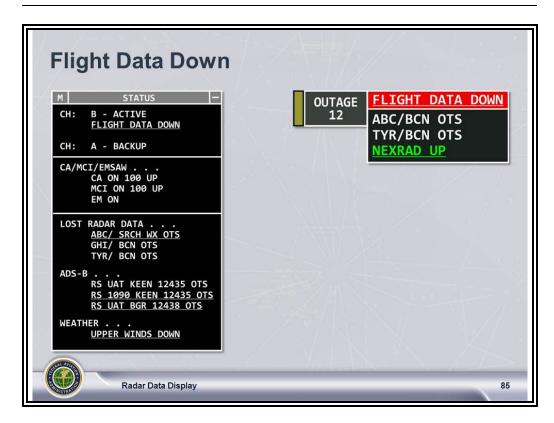


Not Receiving Surveillance Data

- A red banner is displayed on the Situation Display.
- SURV Down, CA Down, MCI Down, EM Down are displayed in the STATUS View.
- All targets are removed from R-Position display. Data blocks un-pair, flash CST, and remain at last known location.
 - On the Backup Channel, previously paired tracks remain paired, but new tracks will not auto-pair and manual pairing is not available.
 - Automated handoffs will fail regardless of channel.
- Switch immediately to backup channel and report outage. (Press and hold MULTI-FUNC and select A/B.)

Continued on next page

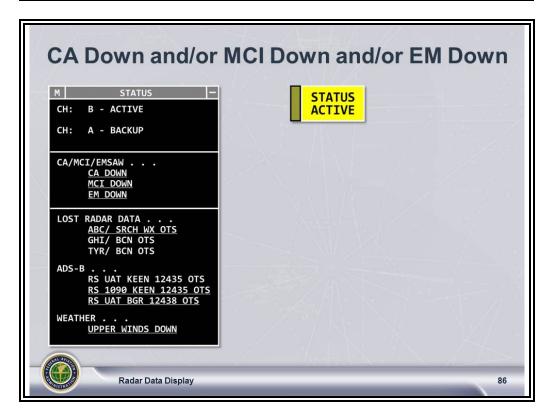
Flight Data Down TI 6110.107



Flight Data Down

- Coding is displayed in the Outage and Status Views.
- Flight data processing is lost until the Backup Channel is promoted to Active.
- Auto pairing and manual pairing are not available.
- Automated handoffs and point-outs are unavailable.
- Flight data cannot be entered or updated.
- Data blocks cannot be changed or started.
- Switch immediately to backup channel and report outage. (Press and hold MULTI-FUNC and select A/B.)
 - FDP available once Tech Ops promotes Backup to Active.
 - Flight Data Standby will be displayed in the Outage and Status Views until Backup is promoted to Active.

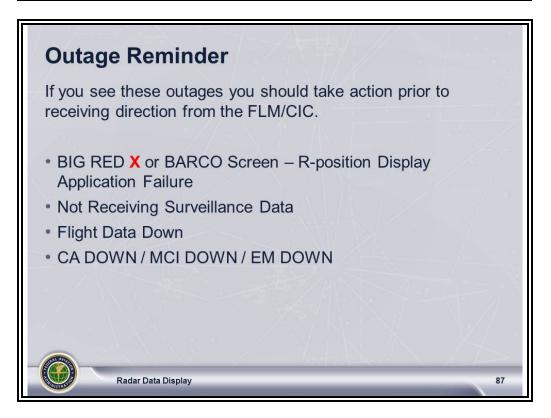
CA/MCI/EM Down TI 6110.107



- Conflict Alert (CA), Mode C Intruder (MCI) and/or E-MSAW (EM) processing down
 - Coding appears only in the Status View (no indication in the Outage View).
 - Safety alerts will not update.
 - No new alerts, including immediate alerts
 - Active alerts at time of failure continue to flash, even when no longer applicable
 - Switch immediately to backup channel and report outage. (Press and hold MULTI-FUNC and select A/B.)

Continued on next page

Outage Reminders TI 6110.107



- Acknowledge and report your outages.
 - Relatively minor outages, if left unresolved, can have major impacts to the system.
 - Do not assume:
 - Someone else has reported the outage.
 - Tech Ops is already aware of the outage.
 - Keep your Outage View up-to-date so that you will know when a new outage occurs.
- ⊙ When one of the "Big 4" outages occurs, take immediate action.
 - Switch immediately to backup channel and report outage to the FLM/CIC. (Press and hold MULTI-FUNC and select A/B.)

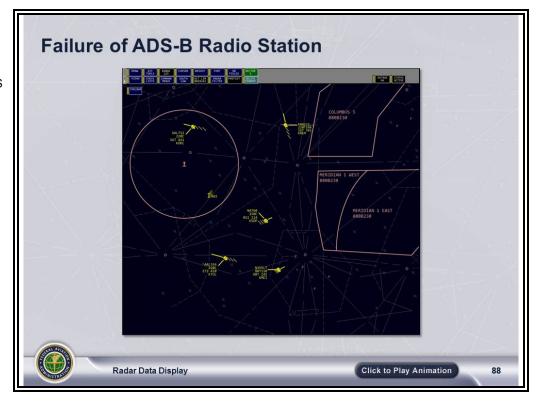
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Failure of ADS-B Radio

TI 6110.100, par. 14.2; ERAM EDSM SRS 210.04 V1B1, pars. 3.2.2.1.3.3, 3.2.2.1.3.4







- The telephone pole symbol () is the ADS-B Radio Station Outage Indicator on the Situation Display.
 - The indicator is forced to the Situation Display if an outage for that station exists and the ADS-B Service Volume is up.
 - An outage for the station occurs with one of the following conditions:
 - The Universal Access Transceiver (UAT) link is down
 - UAT link status is unknown
 - 1090ES link is down
 - 1090ES link is degraded
 - 1090ES link status is unknown

Click to display circle.

 Select the ADS-B Radio Station Outage Indicator with the trackball to toggle the display of the radio station coverage area circle for the radio station.

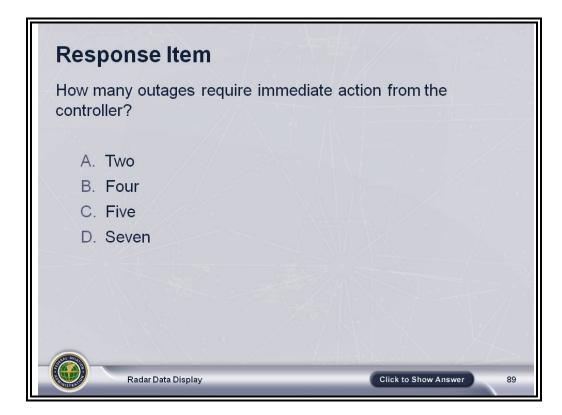
Outages TI 6110.107

- There are additional outages where the FLM/CIC will guide controller responses:
 - FLM/CIC coordinates with Operations Manager (OM)
 - FLM/CIC guides controller response using Full ERAM Job Aid (TI 6110.107)
- For all other outages, controller action is to inform the FLM/CIC

Review







SLIDE ANSWER: B

CONCLUSION

Summary

- **NOTE:** Review and elaborate briefly on the following:
- Radar Symbols
- Full Data Block (FDB)
- Range Data Block (RDB)
- Limited Data Block (LDB)
- Weather Displays
- Miscellaneous Displays
- Outages
- **NOTE:** Ask students if there are any questions.

End-of-Lesson Test

- Your instructor will now administer the End-of-Lesson Test.
- **NOTE:** Distribute and administer the End-of-Lesson Test located in 55055-ELT02.